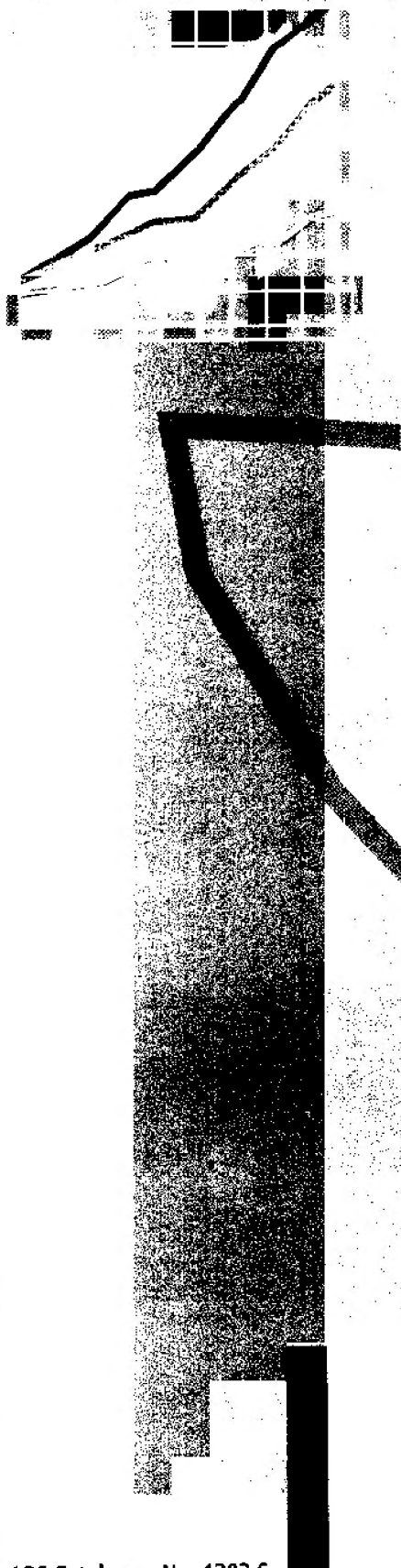


**Australian
Bureau of
Statistics**

TASMANIAN

STATISTICAL INDICATORS

June 1995



TASMANIAN

STATISTICAL INDICATORS

June 1995

William P. McReynolds
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ENQUIRIES

For further information, contact the Information Officer on (002) 20 5800 or write to the Deputy Commonwealth Statistician, GPO Box 66A, Hobart, 7001 (Ground floor, 175 Collins Street, Hobart).

Publications issued by the Tasmanian Office during May 1995

<i>Catalogue number</i>	<i>Publication</i>	<i>Date of release</i>
3204.6	Population Statistics, Tasmania, 1994	16/5/95
8731.6	Building Approvals, Tasmania, March 1995	15/5/95
8741.6	Dwelling Unit Commencements, Tasmania, February 1995	11/05/95
1303.6	Statistical Indicators, Tasmania, May 1995	9/5/95

Symbols and other usages

The following standard symbols are used in publications of the Tasmanian Office of the Bureau:

ASIC	Australian Standard Industrial Classification
M	males
F	females
P	persons
n.a.	not available
n.e.c.	not elsewhere classified
n.e.i.	not elsewhere included
n.p.	not available for separate publication, but included in totals where applicable
n.y.a.	not yet available
p	preliminary — figure or series subject to revision
r	figure or series revised since previous issue
s	subject to sampling variability too high for most practical purposes
..	not applicable
—	nil or rounded to zero
—	break in continuity of series (where a line is drawn between two consecutive figures in the same column, or alongside two or more figures in consecutive columns)
(M)	Municipality
(C)	City

Where figures have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

Values are shown in Australian currency.

Commentary

Definitions

Trend series estimates are used to "smooth" data to enable longer term trends to become more noticeable. They are the preferred series to use when making a comparison over time, e.g 12 months.

Original series estimates (or unadjusted estimates) are the survey data as collected, generalised to the relevant population. These estimates have not been seasonally adjusted or trend adjusted ("smoothed").

Employment

States' trend series comparisons—

The Australian and State *trend series* comparisons are given on page 24. There was an increase of 2.3% in Tasmania's employment over the year to April 1995. The largest percentage increase in employment was in Queensland (6.4%). The next highest percentage increase in employment was in Western Australia (5.7%), followed by Victoria (4.3%) and NSW (3.9%). South Australia had an increase in employment of 2.0%.

Regional Tasmania's original series figures—

In the Hobart and Southern Statistical Division the estimate of *unadjusted* employment increased by 5,700 between March 1994 and March 1995 to 101,500. The estimate of employment in the Mersey-Lyell Statistical Division was 43,600 in March 1995, an increase of 300 on the figure for March 1994. Employment in the Northern Statistical Division between March 1994 and March 1995 decreased by 1,300 to 54,800.

(See tables 3-8, pages 2-7.)

Unemployment

Tasmania's trend series figures—

The Tasmanian provisional *trend series* estimate of 23,500 unemployed persons in April 1995 was a decrease of 1,700 on the figure for April 1994 of 25,200. The estimate of the unemployment rate of 10.5% in April 1995 was a decrease compared to the estimate of the unemployment rate of 11.4% in April 1994.

(See tables 3-8, pages 2-7.)

The labour force

Tasmania's trend series figures—

In April 1995 there was an *unadjusted* estimate of 367,000 civilian Tasmanians aged 15 or more. There were an estimated 223,400 persons (based on *trend series* estimates) in the labour force. The estimate of the labour force participation rate in April 1995 was 60.9%, compared with the figure of 60.3% in April 1994.

For males, the estimate of the participation rate was 71.4%, compared with 71.7% in April 1994. For females, the estimate of the participation rate was 50.7%, compared with 49.3% in April 1994.

(See table 3, page 2.)

Employed wage and salary earners

In September 1994 there were approximately 138,900 employed wage and salary earners in Tasmania. In September 1992 the figure was 144,300 employed wage and salary earners.

In August 1994 the Tasmanian public sector accounted for 31.8% of all employed wage and salary earners. Overall, the category community services

had the highest industry representation (28.9%, compared with the equivalent figure of 27.8% recorded in August 1992). The next highest industry grouping was wholesale trade and retail trade (18.3%, compared with 19.9% in August 1992) and manufacturing (15.8%, compared with 15.0% in August 1992).

In August 1994, women made up 46.3% of employed wage and salary earners. In August 1992, the equivalent figure was 45.8%.

(See table 9, page 8.)

Award rates of pay indexes

The annual movement from March 1994 to March 1995 of weekly award rates of pay indexes for Tasmania rose by 0.6% for full-time adult females and by 1.1% for full-time adult males, for a combined annual increase of 1.0%. For Australia, the figures were 0.8% for females and 0.6% for males, for a combined annual increase of 0.7%.

For full-time adult female employees in Tasmania, the largest industry increases over this 12-month period occurred in the manufacturing industry (2.4%); and recreation, personal and other services industry (1.9%).

For the same period for full-time adult male employees in Tasmania, the largest industry increases occurred in the community services industry (3.5%); and the electricity, gas and water industry (2.0%).

The largest occupation increase over the same period for full-time adult female employees occurred in the tradespersons category (2.5%); and plant and machine operators, and drivers (2.2%).

For full-time adult male employees the largest occupation increases over the period occurred in the plant and machine operators, and drivers category (2.8%); and managers and administrators (2.3%).

(See table 14, page 10.)

Building material prices

Prices for house building materials in Hobart increased by 4.5% over the 12-month period ending March 1995, which was the highest rise for all capital cities. The national increase was 3.1%, with Adelaide recording the lowest increase at 1.0%.

Prices for building materials used in building other than house building increased in Hobart by 3.6% in the year ended March 1995. The national increase was 3.2%, with Perth recording the largest increase at 3.7% and Melbourne recording the lowest increase at 2.4%.

Major contributors to the annual movement in Hobart were non-ferrous pipes and fittings (up 41.2%), precast concrete products (up 11.1%), and structural timber (up 5.4%).

Price Index of Materials Used in House Building, Six State Capital Cities and Canberra, March 1995, ABS Catalogue No. 6408.0, released on 5 May 1995, \$10.00.

Price Index of Materials Used in Building Other Than House Building, Six State Capital Cities and Canberra, March 1995, ABS Catalogue No. 6407.0, released on 5 May 1995, \$13.00.

Housing finance

The March 1995 trend estimate for the number of new secured housing finance commitments entered into in Tasmania was 869, valued at \$56.8 million. Compared with February 1995, this represents a 2.8% decrease on the number (894) and a 1.6% decrease on the value (\$57.7 million).

In the twelve months ended March 1995, the national trend estimates dropped significantly, with a 31.4% decrease on the number and a 26.7% decrease on the value. Although the Tasmanian estimates for the same period also fell, the change was much smaller, with a 20.3% decrease on the number and a 15.6% decrease on the value for March 1994.

Housing Finance for Owner Occupation, ABS Catalogue No. 5609.0, released on 18 May 1995, \$13.00.

Livestock slaughtering

The latest trend estimate for March 1995 showed the number of cattle and calves slaughtered had increased, the number of sheep and lambs slaughtered decreased and the number of pigs slaughtered had increased marginally.

The trend estimate showed there were 21,700 cattle and calves slaughtered in Tasmania in March 1995. This is almost 30% more than the last low point in March 1994 where there were 16,800 cattle and calves slaughtered. In March 1992 the trend estimate was 20,000.

For sheep and lambs the trend series peaked in September 1994 when there were 103,800 slaughtered. By March 1995 this trend estimate was about 24% lower at 77,300 slaughtered. The high number of sheep and lambs slaughtered in September may be due to farmers culling their flock due to drought and dry conditions in Tasmania.

The trend for pigs slaughtered has been mostly level over the past three years. In March 1995 the trend estimate of pigs slaughtered was 7,900. This is only an 8% increase over the number of pigs slaughtered in March 1992.

These trend estimates show the underlying movements in the slaughtering series by dampening down seasonal influences and short term volatility. (See table 21, page 16.)

Building approvals

There were 286 new dwelling units approved during March 1995 in Tasmania, an 11% increase on the number recorded for February 1995, but a 13% decrease on the figure recorded for March 1994 (330).

For the twelve months ended March 1995 there were 3,447 new dwelling units approved, 18% below the 4,224 units recorded for the previous corresponding twelve months.

The latest monthly trend estimates for the number of dwelling units approved show seventeen consecutive months of decline.

The highest number of dwelling units approved in March 1995 was recorded by the City of Clarence with 31, followed by the Municipality of Kingborough with 26, the Municipality of West Tamar with 24 and the City of Launceston with 23.

The value of new residential building approved, at current prices, in March 1995 was \$21.9 million, compared with the February 1995 figure of \$19.6 million and the March 1994 figure of \$25.5 million.

The value of all building approved, at current prices, in March 1995 was \$36.4 million compared with \$32.7 million in February 1995 and \$36.3 million in March 1994.

(See table 27, page 19.)

Retail

The trend estimate for turnover of retail and service establishments for March 1995, in Tasmania, was \$231.2 million, a slight increase on the March 1994 figure of \$230.8 million. Over the past three months Tasmania has recorded growth of around 0.3%. This is the strongest growth recorded in Tasmania for the past fifteen months.

The trend estimate of turnover for March 1995, for Australia (\$9,365 million), was over six per cent higher than for March 1994. The trend estimate of retail turnover increased by a weak 0.2% in March 1995. This continues the gradual easing of growth observed over recent months.

Victoria and South Australia have shown moderate growth in the trend estimate in recent months while in New South Wales and Tasmania the growth has been weaker. Queensland recorded no growth in March while Western Australia is in decline.

In original terms, the estimate of retail turnover in March 1995, for Tasmania, was \$232.7 million, slightly down on the figure recorded for March 1995.

(See table 35, page 23.)

New motor vehicle registrations

There were 1,097 new motor vehicles (excluding motorcycles) registered in Tasmania during March 1995. This was over nine per cent more than was recorded for February (1,003) and over 13% more than the figure recorded for March 1994.

(See table 34, page 23.)

Engineering construction survey

The value of engineering construction activity commenced in Tasmania during the December quarter 1994 was \$43.2 million, a decrease of nearly eight per cent on the figure recorded for the September quarter 1994. The public sector accounted for over 60% of activity commenced in the December quarter. For the quarter, construction activity commenced on roads, highways and subdivisions totalled \$27.5 million.

The value of engineering construction activity work done in Tasmania during the December quarter 1994 was \$40.4 million. The figure for the September quarter 1994 was \$35.6 million. Nearly three-quarters of the work done during the quarter was undertaken by the public sector.

Engineering Construction Activity, Australia, December quarter 1994,
ABS Catalogue No. 8762.0, released on 13 April 1995, \$11.00.

Table 1. Population, Tasmania

<i>Year or quarter</i>	<i>Estimated resident population at end of period</i>	<i>Natural increase (a)</i>	<i>Net estimated migration gain</i>	<i>Total population growth</i>	<i>Annual growth rate (b)</i>
	(<i>'000</i>)	(<i>'000</i>)	(<i>'000</i>)	(<i>'000</i>)	(<i>%</i>)
Year ended 30 June —					
1991	466.8	3.3	1.2	4.6	1.00
1992	469.7	3.2	0.3	2.9	0.62
1993	471.4	3.1	1.5	1.7	0.35
1994 p	472.4	2.9	1.9	1.0	0.21
Quarter					
1992 —					
September	470.1	0.7	0.3	0.4	0.51
1993 —					
September p	471.8	0.7	0.3	0.4	0.36
December p	472.0	0.8	0.5	0.2	0.25
1994					
March p	472.1	0.9	0.7	0.1	0.17
June p	472.4	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.21
September p	472.6	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.18

(a) Excess of live births registered over deaths registered (based on usual State of residence).

(b) Percentage growth from same quarter in previous year.

Table 2. Births, deaths and marriages registered, Tasmania

<i>Year or quarter</i>	<i>Births</i>		<i>Deaths</i>		<i>Infant mortality (a)</i>		<i>Marriages</i>	
	<i>No.</i>	<i>Rate (b)</i>	<i>No.</i>	<i>Rate (b)</i>	<i>Deaths</i>	<i>Rate (c)</i>	<i>No.</i>	<i>Rate (b)</i>
Year ended								
31 December —								
1990	7 043	15.25	3 713	8.04	63	8.9	3 026	6.55
1991	6 857	14.69	3 666	7.86	59	8.6	3 069	6.58
1992	6 956	14.81	3 722	7.92	42	6.0	3 081	6.56
1993	6 804	14.43	3 618	7.67	37	5.4	3 055	6.48
1994	6 836	14.47	3 912	8.28	48	7.0	2 887	6.11
Quarter								
1992 —								
December	1 698		914		12	7.1	820	
1993 —								
December	1 647		878		4	3.0	786	
1994 —								
March	p 1 789	..	p 920	..	p 11	p 6.1	914	..
June	p 1 610	..	p 946	..	p 10	p 6.2	826	..
September	p 1 735	..	p 1 165	..	p 17	p 9.8	379	..
December	p 1 702	..	p 881	..	p 10	p 5.9	768	..

(a) Registered deaths of children under one year of age. (b) Rate per 1000 of estimated mean population. (c) Rate per 1000 live births.

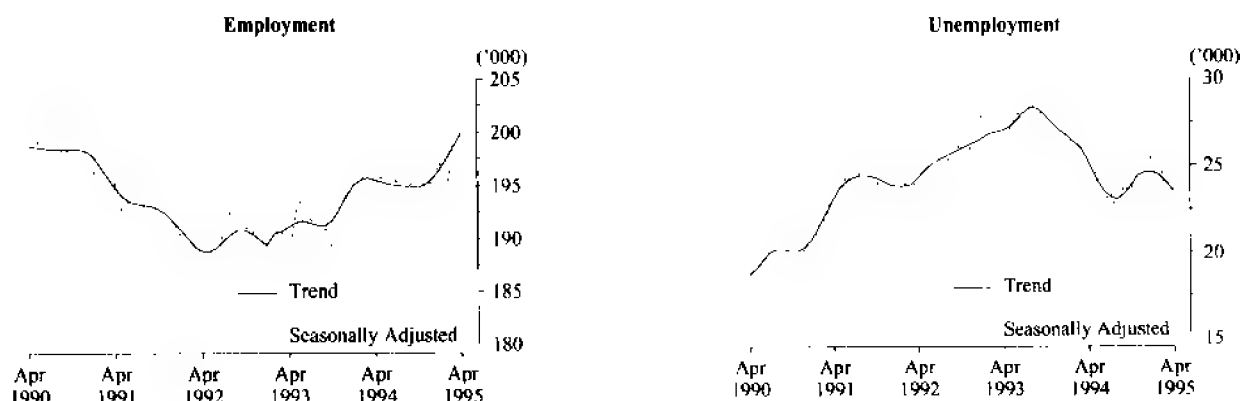
Employment and Unemployment

Table 3. Labour force status, Tasmania (a): Seasonally adjusted and trend series

Month	Seasonally adjusted series				Trend Series (b)			
	Employed (<i>'000</i>)	Unem- ployed (<i>'000</i>)	Unemploy- ment rate (%)	Partici- pation rate (%)	Employed (<i>'000</i>)	Unem- ployed (<i>'000</i>)	Unemploy- ment rate (%)	Partici- pation rate (%)
MALES								
1994 -								
April	112.4	16.8	13.0	71.8	112.4	16.5	12.8	71.7
May	112.5	16.2	12.6	71.6	112.3	15.9	12.4	71.3
June	112.4	14.2	11.2	70.4	112.4	15.3	12.0	71.0
July	112.5	14.7	11.5	70.7	112.6	14.8	11.6	70.8
August	112.4	14.5	11.4	70.5	113.0	14.5	11.4	70.9
September	112.9	15.0	11.7	71.0	113.5	14.5	11.3	71.1
October	115.3	14.2	11.0	72.0	113.8	14.7	11.4	71.4
November	113.5	15.0	11.7	71.4	113.9	14.9	11.6	71.5
December	114.6	14.9	11.5	71.9	113.9	15.1	11.7	71.6
1995 -								
January	113.8	15.4	11.9	71.6	113.8	15.2	11.8	71.6
February	112.2	16.3	12.7	71.3	113.7	15.2	11.8	71.5
March	114.2	14.0	10.9	71.1	113.7	15.1	11.7	71.4
April	114.5	14.9	11.5	71.7	113.7	15.1	11.7	71.4
FEMALES								
1994 -								
April	82.2	8.8	9.6	48.9	83.1	8.7	9.4	49.3
May	83.4	9.1	9.8	49.7	82.9	8.5	9.3	49.1
June	83.2	7.5	8.2	48.7	82.7	8.4	9.2	49.0
July	82.9	9.2	10.0	49.4	82.3	8.4	9.3	48.7
August	80.9	7.9	8.9	47.7	81.8	8.5	9.5	48.5
September	82.2	8.8	9.7	48.9	81.4	8.8	9.8	48.4
October	80.3	9.3	10.3	48.1	81.1	9.1	10.1	48.4
November	81.4	9.6	10.6	48.9	81.1	9.4	10.4	48.6
December	80.7	9.2	10.2	48.2	81.7	9.5	10.5	49.0
1995 -								
January	83.5	10.3	11.0	50.3	82.7	9.5	10.3	49.4
February	82.5	9.4	10.2	49.3	83.8	9.2	9.9	49.9
March	85.0	8.8	9.4	50.2	85.0	8.9	9.4	50.3
April	88.3	7.5	7.8	51.4	86.2	8.5	9.0	50.7
TOTAL								
1994 -								
April	194.6	25.6	11.6	60.2	195.5	25.2	11.4	60.3
May	195.9	25.3	11.4	60.4	195.3	24.4	11.1	60.0
June	195.7	21.7	10.0	59.4	195.1	23.7	10.8	59.8
July	195.4	23.8	10.9	59.9	195.0	23.2	10.6	59.6
August	193.3	22.3	10.4	58.9	194.9	23.0	10.6	59.5
September	195.1	23.8	10.9	59.8	194.9	23.3	10.7	59.6
October	195.6	23.5	10.7	59.8	194.8	23.8	10.9	59.7
November	194.9	24.6	11.2	59.9	195.1	24.4	11.1	59.9
December	195.3	24.1	11.0	59.9	195.6	24.6	11.2	60.1
1995 -								
January	197.2	25.7	11.5	60.8	196.5	24.6	11.1	60.3
February	194.7	25.7	11.7	60.1	197.5	24.4	11.0	60.5
March	199.2	22.8	10.3	60.5	198.7	24.0	10.8	60.7
April	202.8	22.4	9.9	61.4	199.9	23.5	10.5	60.9

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No.6203.0). (b) Trend series revised each month. Users should be aware that the latest observations may be revised substantially.

Tasmanian Labour Force



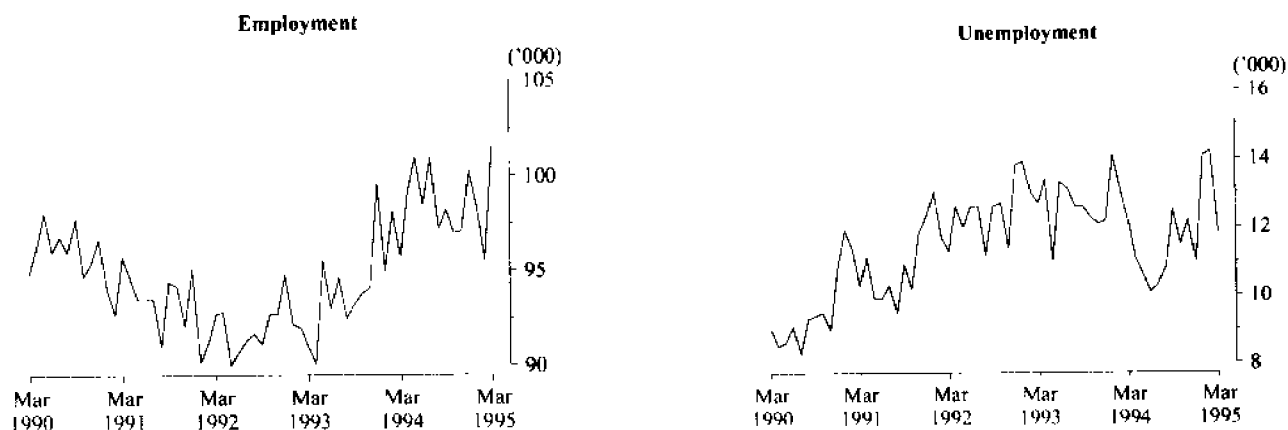
Employment and Unemployment

Table 4. Labour force status, by region and Tasmania, males (a) (b) –

<i>Month</i>		<i>Total employed</i> (<i>'000</i>)	<i>Total unemployed</i> (<i>'000</i>)	<i>Unem- ployment rate</i> (<i>%</i>)	<i>Partici- pation rate</i> (<i>%</i>)
HOBART AND SOUTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISIONS					
1992 -	March	53.3	6.8	11.3	69.4
1994 -	March	52.8	8.6	14.0	71.3
1995 -	January	55.5	8.2	12.9	71.8
	February	54.2	9.3	14.7	71.9
	March	56.8	7.7	11.9	72.3
NORTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISION					
1992 -	March	32.1	4.5	12.2	73.1
1994 -	March	32.7	4.7	12.6	73.7
1995 -	January	30.0	4.4	12.9	71.4
	February	31.3	3.2	9.1	70.1
	March	32.5	3.3	9.3	70.6
MERSEY-LYELL STATISTICAL DIVISION					
1992 -	March	26.7	4.0	13.0	75.2
1994 -	March	26.9	4.1	13.2	72.2
1995 -	January	28.2	4.2	13.0	74.6
	February	27.6	4.0	12.7	73.8
	March	25.3	2.8	9.9	69.6
TASMANIA					
1992 -	March	112.0	15.2	12.0	71.8
1994 -	March	112.4	17.4	13.4	72.2
1995 -	January	113.7	16.8	12.9	72.4
	February	113.0	16.5	12.7	71.9
	March	114.7	13.8	10.7	71.2

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6203.0) (b) Data in this table are original series, i.e. they are not part of a seasonally adjusted or a trend series. Accordingly, care should be exercised when using this data. New monthly data from each quarter (March, June, September and December) is published two months after the quarter.

Hobart and Southern Statistical Divisions - Persons



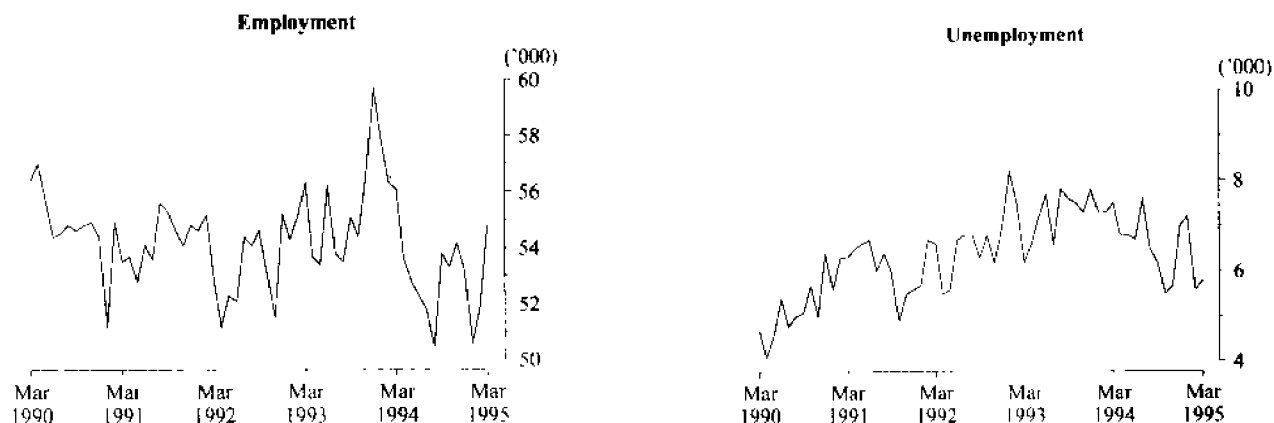
Employment and Unemployment

Table 5. Labour force status, by region and Tasmania, females (a) (b)

Month	Total		Unem- ployment rate	Partici- pation rate
	employed	unemployed		
	('000)	('000)	(%)	(%)
HOBART AND SOUTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISIONS				
1992 - March	40.6	4.6	10.1	49.7
1994 - March	43.0	3.6	7.7	50.7
1995 - January	42.8	5.9	12.2	52.5
February	41.5	4.9	10.6	50.4
March	44.6	4.1	8.5	52.2
NORTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISION				
1992 - March	21.3	2.2	9.2	47.4
1994 - March	23.4	2.8	10.7	50.0
1995 - January	20.6	2.8	12.0	45.3
February	20.6	2.5	10.7	45.5
March	22.3	2.4	9.8	47.7
MERSEY-LYELL STATISTICAL DIVISION				
1992 - March	18.8	2.6	12.3	49.6
1994 - March	16.4	2.2	11.6	44.8
1995 - January	18.3	2.5	12.0	49.5
February	19.2	2.6	12.0	49.8
March	18.2	2.0	10.1	49.0
TASMANIA				
1992 - March	80.7	9.4	10.4	49.0
1994 - March	82.9	8.6	9.4	49.2
1995 - January	81.7	11.2	12.1	49.8
February	81.2	10.0	10.9	48.9
March	85.2	8.6	9.2	50.3

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6203.0). (b) Data in this table are original series, i.e. they are not part of a seasonally adjusted or a trend series. Accordingly, care should be exercised when using this data. New monthly data from each quarter (March, June, September and December) is published two months after the quarter.

Northern Statistical Division - Persons



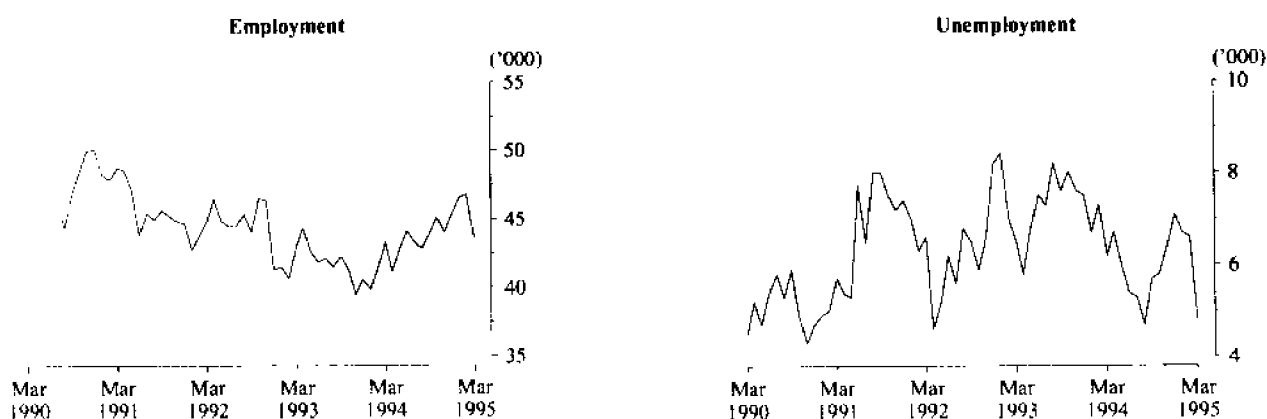
Employment and Unemployment

Table 6. Labour force status, by region and Tasmania, persons (a) (b)

Month		Total employed (^{'000})	Total unemployed (^{'000})	Unem- ployment rate (%)	Partici- pation rate (%)
HOBART AND SOUTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISIONS					
1992 -	March	93.9	11.3	10.8	59.3
1994 -	March	95.8	12.2	11.3	60.6
1995 -	January	98.3	14.1	12.6	62.0
	February	95.6	14.2	13.0	60.9
	March	101.5	11.8	10.4	62.0
NORTHERN STATISTICAL DIVISION					
1992 -	March	53.4	6.6	11.0	60.3
1994 -	March	56.1	7.5	11.9	61.6
1995 -	January	50.6	7.2	12.5	57.9
	February	51.9	5.6	9.8	57.7
	March	54.8	5.8	9.5	59.0
MERSEY-LYELL STATISTICAL DIVISION					
1992 -	March	45.4	6.6	12.7	62.1
1994 -	March	43.3	6.2	12.6	58.7
1995 -	January	46.5	6.7	12.6	62.2
	February	46.8	6.6	12.4	61.7
	March	43.6	4.8	10.0	59.2
TASMANIA					
1992 -	March	192.7	24.6	11.3	60.2
1994 -	March	195.2	26.0	11.7	60.5
1995 -	January	195.4	28.0	12.6	60.9
	February	194.3	26.5	12.0	60.2
	March	199.9	22.4	10.1	60.6

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6203.0). (b) Data in this table are original series, i.e. they are not part of a seasonally adjusted or a trend series. Accordingly, care should be exercised when using this data. New monthly data from each quarter (March, June, September and December) is published two months after the quarter.

Mersey Lyell Statistical Division - Persons

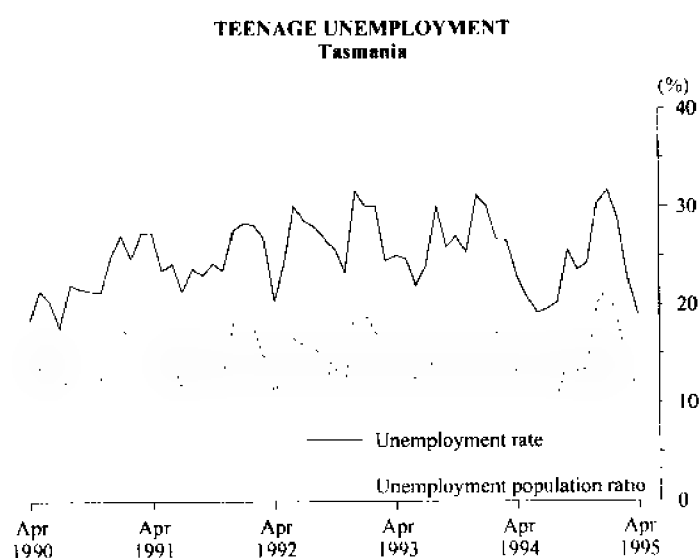


Employment and Unemployment

Table 7. Teenage labour market (a), Tasmania (b)

Month	Employed		Unemployed		Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian population aged 15-19	Unemployment rate	Unemployment population ratio	Participation rate
	Full-time	Total	Looking for full-time work	Total						
	('000)	('000)	('000)	('000)						
	ATTENDING NEITHER SCHOOL NOR A TERTIARY INSTITUTION FULL TIME									
1992 - April	8.0	10.7	2.6	2.6	13.3	1.2	14.5	19.8	17.9	92.0
1994 - April	7.4	9.9	2.7	2.7	12.6	1.4	14.0	21.1	19.3	89.8
1995 - February	6.8	9.7	4.1	4.3	14.0	2.3	16.3	30.6	26.4	86.1
March	6.8	10.3	3.1	3.3	13.6	1.5	15.1	24.2	21.9	89.9
April	6.7	10.2	2.5	2.5	12.7	1.2	13.9	19.7	18.0	91.3
ATTENDING SCHOOL OR A TERTIARY INSTITUTION FULL TIME										
1992 - April	..	4.7	0.6	1.3	6.0	15.0	21.0	21.7	6.2	28.6
1994 - April	0.1	5.1	0.4	1.8	6.9	13.4	20.3	26.1	8.9	34.0
1995 - February	0.7	5.8	0.9	2.0	7.7	10.0	17.7	26.0	11.3	43.5
March	0.2	5.5	0.5	1.3	6.8	12.1	18.9	19.1	6.9	36.0
April	0.2	6.2	0.4	1.3	7.5	12.6	20.1	17.3	6.5	37.3
TOTAL										
1992 - April	8.0	15.4	3.2	3.9	19.4	16.2	35.5	20.3	11.0	54.5
1994 - April	7.6	15.0	3.1	4.4	19.5	14.9	34.3	22.9	12.8	56.7
1995 - February	7.5	15.5	5.0	6.3	21.8	12.3	34.0	28.8	18.5	64.0
March	7.0	15.7	3.6	4.6	20.4	13.7	34.0	22.7	13.5	59.8
April	7.0	16.4	2.9	3.8	20.2	13.8	34.0	18.9	11.2	59.5

(a) Persons aged 15-19 years. (b) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6203.0).

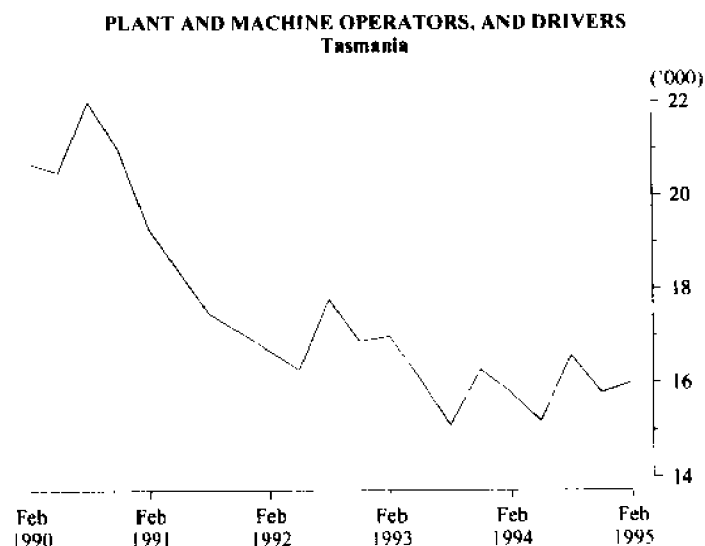


Employment and Unemployment

Table 8. All employed persons, occupation, Tasmania (a)

Occupation	February 1994	February 1995			Proportion of total employed	
	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Feb 1994	Feb 1995
	('000)	('000)	('000)	('000)	(%)	(%)
Managers and administrators	23.2	15.0	4.6	19.5	11.8	10.0
Farmers and farm managers	7.9	5.5	1.7	7.1	4.0	3.7
Managing supervisors	8.7	5.0	2.2	7.2	4.4	3.7
Other	6.6	4.5	0.7	5.2	3.4	2.7
Professionals	20.5	13.0	8.9	21.9	10.5	11.3
Building and professional engineers	2.1	2.1	0.1	2.2	1.1	1.1
Health diagnosis and treatment practitioners	2.2	2.2	1.4	3.5	1.1	1.8
School teachers	6.5	2.2	4.2	6.4	3.3	3.3
Business professionals	3.4	2.1	0.9	2.9	1.7	1.5
Other	6.3	4.4	2.3	6.9	3.2	3.6
Para-professionals	14.7	7.7	6.1	13.9	7.5	7.2
Engineering and building associates and technicians	1.9	1.5	0.2	1.7	1.0	0.9
Registered nurses	6.1	0.5	4.3	4.8	3.1	2.5
Other	6.7	5.7	1.6	7.4	3.4	3.8
Tradespersons	30.5	25.5	2.8	28.3	15.6	14.6
Metal fitting and machining tradespersons	1.9	2.2	-	2.2	1.0	1.1
Electrical and electronics tradespersons	4.8	4.4	0.1	4.5	2.5	2.3
Building tradespersons	8.7	6.9	-	6.9	4.4	3.6
Other	15.1	12.0	2.7	14.7	7.7	7.6
Clerks	30.3	6.7	23.6	30.4	15.5	15.6
Stenographers and typists	4.8	0.2	3.8	4.0	2.5	2.1
Receptionists, telephonists and messengers	4.5	0.5	4.2	4.8	2.3	2.5
Other	21.0	6.0	15.6	21.6	10.7	11.1
Salespersons and personal service workers	30.3	12.2	20.9	33.1	15.5	17.0
Sales representatives	2.6	1.8	0.5	2.3	1.3	1.2
Sales assistants	13.5	5.2	9.8	15.0	6.9	7.7
Other	14.2	5.2	10.6	15.8	7.2	8.1
Plant and machine operators, and drivers	15.8	14.1	1.9	16.0	8.1	8.2
Road and rail transport drivers	5.6	6.5	0.6	7.0	2.9	3.6
Machine operators	4.4	3.3	1.2	4.5	2.2	2.3
Other	5.8	4.3	0.1	4.5	3.0	2.3
Labourers and related workers	30.6	18.9	12.3	31.2	15.6	16.1
Trades assistants and factory hands	4.9	3.3	1.5	4.8	2.5	2.5
Agricultural labourers and related workers	7.4	4.2	2.8	7.0	3.8	3.6
Cleaners	7.7	1.9	4.4	6.3	3.9	3.2
Construction and mining labourers	1.9	3.0	-	3.0	1.0	1.5
Other	8.6	6.5	3.6	10.0	4.4	5.1
Total employed	195.9	113.1	81.1	194.3	100.0	100.0

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6203.0)



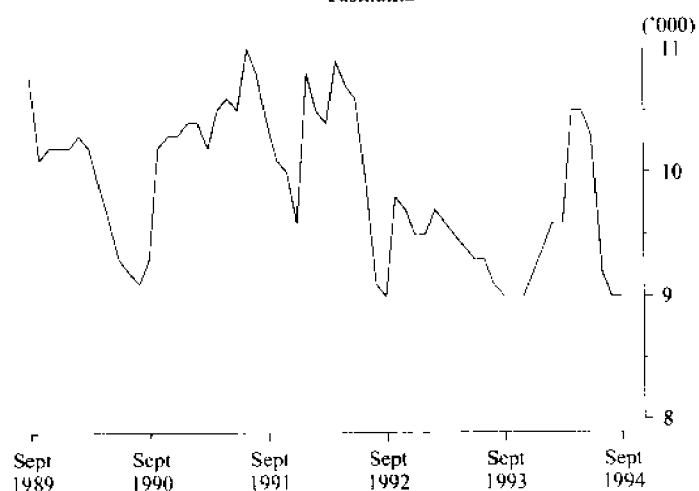
Employment and Unemployment

Table 9. Employed wage and salary earners, sector and industry, Tasmania (a)

Industry	Number of employees ('000), August 1994					Percentage distribution	
	Private	Public	Private and public			August 1992	August 1994
			Males	Females	Persons		
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	n.a.	0.6	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Mining	1.7		1.5	0.1	1.7	1.0	1.2
Manufacturing	21.8	0.1	15.8	6.1	21.9	15.0	15.8
Electricity, gas and water, construction	5.8	3.2	7.9	1.1	9.0	6.3	6.5
Wholesale and retail trade	25.3	—	14.7	10.5	25.3	19.9	18.3
Transport and storage	3.6	1.2	3.8	1.0	4.8	4.4	3.5
Communication		2.2	1.7	0.6	2.3	1.7	1.7
Finance, property and business services	9.9	0.9	4.0	6.8	10.7	8.7	7.7
Public administration and defence		9.9	6.2	3.7	9.9	6.9	7.2
Community services	14.6	25.4	13.7	26.3	40.0	27.8	28.9
Recreation, personal and other services	12.0	0.6	4.6	8.0	12.6	7.9	9.1
Total all industries	94.6	44.2	74.6	64.3	138.9	100.0	100.0

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *Employed Wage and Salary Earners, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6248.0)

EMPLOYED WAGE AND SALARY EARNERS:
ELECTRICITY, GAS AND WATER; AND CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRIES
Tasmania



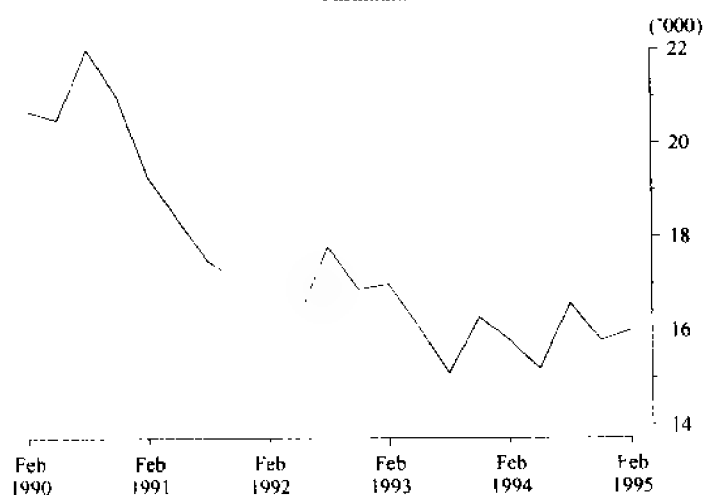
Employment and Unemployment

Table 8. All employed persons, occupation, Tasmania (a)

Occupation	February 1994	February 1995			Proportion of total employed	
	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Feb 1994	Feb 1995
	('000)	('000)	('000)	('000)	(%)	(%)
Managers and administrators	23.2	15.0	4.6	19.5	11.8	10.0
Farmers and farm managers	7.9	5.5	1.7	7.1	4.0	3.7
Managing supervisors	8.7	5.0	2.2	7.2	4.4	3.7
Other	6.6	4.5	0.7	5.2	3.4	2.7
Professionals	20.5	13.0	8.9	21.9	10.5	11.3
Building and professional engineers	2.1	2.1	0.1	2.2	1.1	1.1
Health diagnosis and treatment practitioners	2.2	2.2	1.4	3.5	1.1	1.8
School teachers	6.5	2.2	4.2	6.4	3.3	3.3
Business professionals	3.4	2.1	0.9	2.9	1.7	1.5
Other	6.3	4.4	2.3	6.9	3.2	3.6
Para-professionals	14.7	7.7	6.1	13.9	7.5	7.2
Engineering and building associates and technicians	1.9	1.5	0.2	1.7	1.0	0.9
Registered nurses	6.1	0.5	4.3	4.8	3.1	2.5
Other	6.7	5.7	1.6	7.4	3.4	3.8
Tradespersons	30.5	25.5	2.8	28.3	15.6	14.6
Metal fitting and machining tradespersons	1.9	2.2	-	2.2	1.0	1.1
Electrical and electronics tradespersons	4.8	4.4	0.1	4.5	2.5	2.3
Building tradespersons	8.7	6.9	-	6.9	4.4	3.6
Other	15.1	12.0	2.7	14.7	7.7	7.6
Clerks	30.3	6.7	23.6	30.4	15.5	15.6
Stenographers and typists	4.8	0.2	3.8	4.0	2.5	2.1
Receptionists, telephonists and messengers	4.5	0.5	4.2	4.8	2.3	2.5
Other	21.0	6.0	15.6	21.6	10.7	11.1
Salespersons and personal service workers	30.3	12.2	20.9	33.1	15.5	17.0
Sales representatives	2.6	1.8	0.5	2.3	1.3	1.2
Sales assistants	13.5	5.2	9.8	15.0	6.9	7.7
Other	14.2	5.2	10.6	15.8	7.2	8.1
Plant and machine operators, and drivers	15.8	14.1	1.9	16.0	8.1	8.2
Road and rail transport drivers	5.6	6.5	0.6	7.0	2.9	3.6
Machine operators	4.4	3.3	1.2	4.5	2.2	2.3
Other	5.8	4.3	0.1	4.5	3.0	2.3
Labourers and related workers	30.6	18.9	12.3	31.2	15.6	16.1
Trades assistants and factory hands	4.9	3.3	1.5	4.8	2.5	2.5
Agricultural labourers and related workers	7.4	4.2	2.8	7.0	3.8	3.6
Cleaners	7.7	1.9	4.4	6.3	3.9	3.2
Construction and mining labourers	1.9	3.0	-	3.0	1.0	1.5
Other	8.6	6.5	3.6	10.0	4.4	5.1
Total employed	195.9	113.1	81.1	194.3	100.0	100.0

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6203.0).

PLANT AND MACHINE OPERATORS, AND DRIVERS
Tasmania



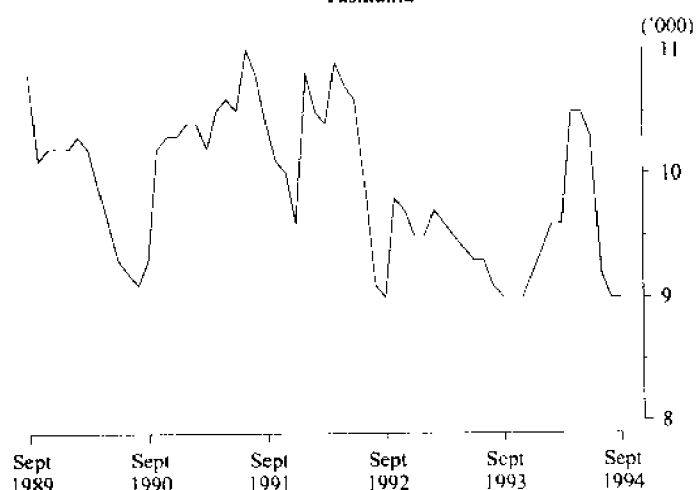
Employment and Unemployment

Table 9. Employed wage and salary earners, sector and industry, Tasmania (a)

Industry	Number of employees ('000), August 1994					Percentage distribution	
	Private	Public	Private and public			August 1992	August 1994
			Males	Females	Persons		
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	n.a.	0.6	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Mining	1.7	—	1.5	0.1	1.7	1.0	1.2
Manufacturing	21.8	0.1	15.8	6.1	21.9	15.0	15.8
Electricity, gas and water, construction	5.8	3.2	7.9	1.1	9.0	6.3	6.5
Wholesale and retail trade	25.3		14.7	10.5	25.3	19.9	18.3
Transport and storage	3.6	1.2	3.8	1.0	4.8	4.4	3.5
Communication		2.2	1.7	0.6	2.3	1.7	1.7
Finance, property and business services	9.9	0.9	4.0	6.8	10.7	8.7	7.7
Public administration and defence	—	9.9	6.2	3.7	9.9	6.9	7.2
Community services	14.6	25.4	13.7	26.3	40.0	27.8	28.9
Recreation, personal and other services	12.0	0.6	4.6	8.0	12.6	7.9	9.1
Total all industries	94.6	44.2	74.6	64.3	138.9	100.0	100.0

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *Employed Wage and Salary Earners, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6248.0).

EMPLOYED WAGE AND SALARY EARNERS:
ELECTRICITY, GAS AND WATER, AND CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRIES
Tasmania



Employment and Unemployment

Table 10. Average hours worked, Tasmania

Month	Average weekly total hours worked, all employed persons (a)			Average weekly overtime hours (b)		Percentage of employees working overtime (b)
	Males	Females	Persons	Per employee	Per employee working overtime	
1992 —						
February	36.7	24.9	31.8	1.2	7.0	16.4
1994 —						
February	37.6	25.8	32.7	1.0	6.9	14.0
May	39.4	27.2	34.2	0.9	6.4	13.9
August	39.4	26.9	34.1	1.0	6.5	15.6
November	39.8	27.2	34.5	1.2	6.9	16.7
1995 —						
February	37.5	26.0	32.7	1.1	6.6	15.8

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6203.0). (b) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *Job Vacancies and Overtime, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6354.0).

Table 11. Job vacancies, Tasmania (a)

Period	Job Vacancies	
	Number	Rate (b) (%)
1992 —		
February	600	0.4
1994		
February	800	0.6
May	800	0.5
August	1 400	0.9
November	1 600	1.1
1995		
February	1 000	0.7

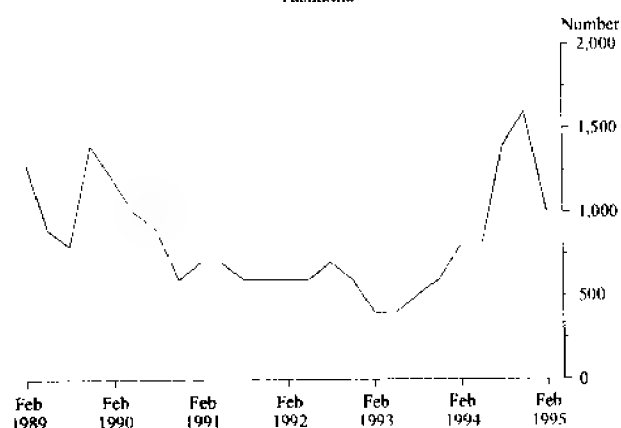
(a) For explanation of terms and concepts refer to *Job Vacancies and Overtime, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6354.0). (b) Job vacancies are expressed as a percentage of the number of job vacancies divided by the number of employees plus job vacancies.

Table 12. Industrial disputes, Tasmania (a)

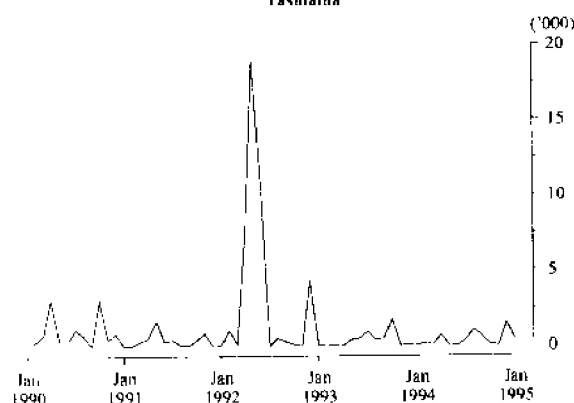
Month	Working days lost	Twelve months ending	Working days lost per thousand employees
1994 —		1994	
March	100	March	30
April	700	April	34
May	0	May	32
June	0	June	29
July	400	July	26
August	1 000	August	29
September	600	September	30
October	100	October	20
November	100	November	20
December	1 500	December	29
1995 —		1995 —	
January	400	January	31
Twelve months ended 1995 —			
January	4 900		

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *Industrial Disputes, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6321.0).

JOB VACANCIES Tasmania



WORKING DAYS LOST DUE TO INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES Tasmania



Wages and Prices

Table 13. Average weekly earnings of employees, Tasmania (a) (\$)

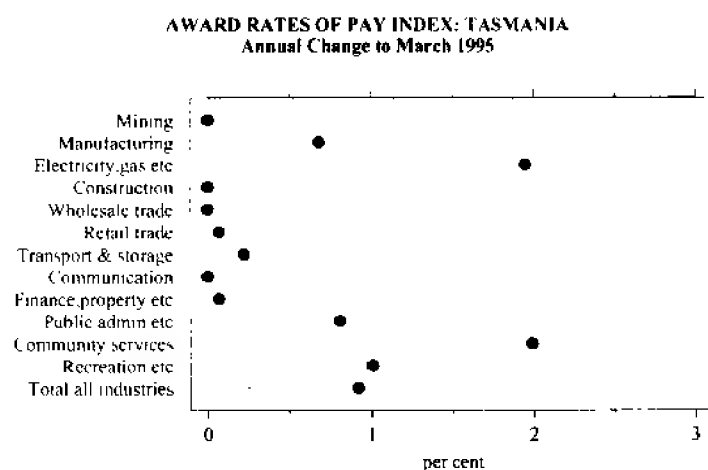
Quarter	Survey reference period	Males			Females			Persons		
		Full-time adults		All males	Full-time adults		All females	Full-time adults		All employees
		Weekly ordinary time earnings	Weekly total earnings		Weekly ordinary time earnings	Weekly total earnings		Weekly ordinary time earnings	Weekly total earnings	
1991 - December	15 November	572.40	605.20	548.60	494.60	500.10	373.50	547.30	571.30	468.10
1993 - December	19 November	624.40	659.30	599.50	518.90	525.30	391.60	588.30	613.50	501.70
1994 - September	19 August	631.20	669.40	591.50	521.00	531.60	387.90	591.80	620.10	491.70
December	18 November	634.50	677.90	600.90	541.90	557.60	396.00	603.00	636.90	501.20
1995 - March	17 February	627.80	668.50	601.70	542.50	554.00	393.50	600.10	631.30	502.70

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *Average Weekly Earnings, States and Australia* (Catalogue No. 6302.0)

Table 14. Weekly award rates of pay indexes, full-time adult employees Tasmania (a)

(Base: June 1985 = 100.0)

Industry	1992	1994	1995	
	Mar	Mar	Jan	Mar
Mining	136.2	137.7	137.7	137.7
Manufacturing	143.9	146.9	147.4	147.9
Electricity, gas and water	130.9	133.4	133.6	136.0
Construction	140.5	142.6	142.6	142.6
Wholesale trade	137.1	139.9	139.9	139.9
Retail trade	136.4	139.6	139.7	139.7
Transport and storage	137.5	138.9	139.2	139.2
Communication	135.4	135.4	135.4	135.4
Finance, property and business services	136.3	137.8	137.9	137.9
Public admin. and defence	133.5	148.3	149.5	149.5
Community services	139.6	140.8	143.5	143.6
Recreation, personal and other services	142.7	149.2	150.7	150.7
Total all industries	138.3	141.7	142.7	143.0

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *Award Rates of Pay Indexes, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6312.0)

Employment and Unemployment

Table 10. Average hours worked, Tasmania

Month	Average weekly total hours worked, all employed persons (a)			Average weekly overtime hours (b)		Percentage of employees working overtime (b)
	Males	Females	Persons	Per employee	Per employee working overtime	
1992 --						
February	36.7	24.9	31.8	1.2	7.0	16.4
1994 --						
February	37.6	25.8	32.7	1.0	6.9	14.0
May	39.4	27.2	34.2	0.9	6.4	13.9
August	39.4	26.9	34.1	1.0	6.5	15.6
November	39.8	27.2	34.5	1.2	6.9	16.7
1995 --						
February	37.5	26.0	32.7	1.1	6.6	15.8

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *The Labour Force, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6203.0). (b) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *Job Vacancies and Overtime, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6354.0).

Table 11. Job vacancies, Tasmania (a)

Period	Job Vacancies	
	Number	Rate (b) (%)
1992 --		
February	600	0.4
1994		
February	800	0.6
May	800	0.5
August	1 400	0.9
November	1 600	1.1
1995		
February	1 000	0.7

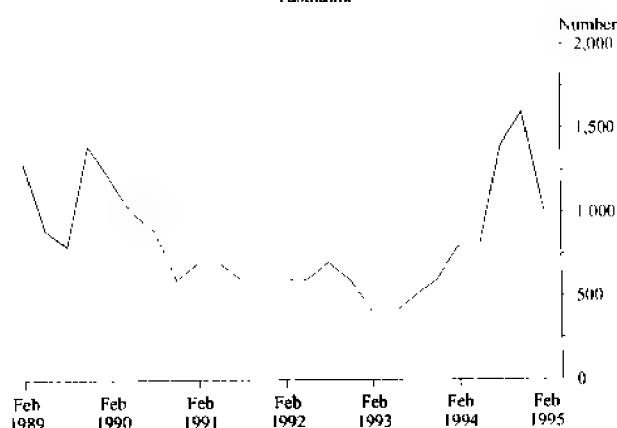
(a) For explanation of terms and concepts refer to *Job Vacancies and Overtime, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6354.0). (b) Job vacancies are expressed as a percentage of the number of job vacancies divided by the number of employees plus job vacancies.

Table 12. Industrial disputes, Tasmania (a)

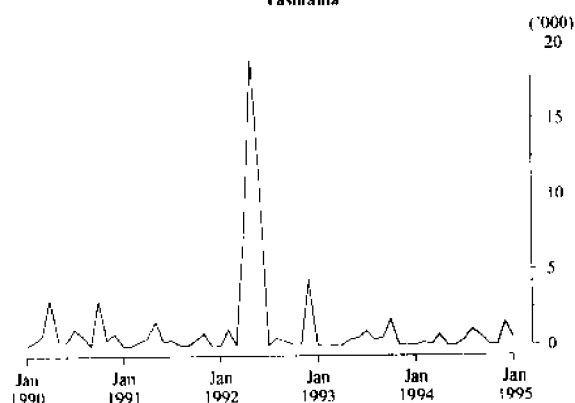
Month	Working days lost	Twelve months ending	Working days lost per thousand employees
1994 --		1994 --	
March	100	March	30
April	700	April	34
May	0	May	32
June	0	June	29
July	400	July	26
August	1 000	August	29
September	600	September	30
October	100	October	20
November		November	20
December	1 500	December	29
1995 -		1995	
January	400	January	31
Twelve months ended 1995 --			
January	4 900		

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *Industrial Disputes, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6321.0).

JOB VACANCIES Tasmania



WORKING DAYS LOST DUE TO INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES Tasmania



Wages and Prices

Table 13. Average weekly earnings of employees, Tasmania (a) (\$)

Quarter	Survey reference period	Males			Females			Persons		
		Full-time adults		All males	Full-time adults		All females	Full-time adults		All employees
		Weekly ordinary time earnings	Weekly total earnings		Weekly ordinary time earnings	Weekly total earnings		Weekly ordinary time earnings	Weekly total earnings	
1991 - December	15 November	572.40	605.20	548.60	494.60	500.10	373.50	547.30	571.30	468.10
1993 - December	19 November	624.40	659.30	599.50	518.90	525.30	391.60	588.30	613.50	501.70
1994 - September	19 August	631.20	669.40	591.50	521.00	531.60	387.90	591.80	620.10	491.70
December	18 November	634.50	677.90	600.90	541.90	557.60	396.00	603.00	636.90	501.20
1995 - March	17 February	627.80	668.50	601.70	542.50	554.00	393.50	600.10	631.30	502.70

(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *Average Weekly Earnings: States and Australia* (Catalogue No. 6302.0).

Table 14. Weekly award rates of pay indexes, full-time adult employees Tasmania (a)

(Base: June 1985 = 100.0)

Industry	1992	1994	1995		
	Mar	Mar	Jan	Feb	Mar
Mining	136.2	137.7	137.7	137.7	137.7
Manufacturing	143.9	146.9	147.4	147.4	147.9
Electricity, gas and water	130.9	133.4	133.6	133.6	136.0
Construction	140.5	142.6	142.6	142.6	142.6
Wholesale trade	137.1	139.9	139.9	139.9	139.9
Retail trade	136.4	139.6	139.7	139.7	139.7
Transport and storage	137.5	138.9	139.2	139.2	139.2
Communication	135.4	135.4	135.4	135.4	135.4
Finance, property and business services	136.3	137.8	137.9	137.9	137.9
Public admin. and defence	133.5	148.3	149.5	149.5	149.5
Community services	139.6	140.8	143.5	143.6	143.6
Recreation, personal and other services	142.7	149.2	150.7	150.7	150.7
Total all industries	138.3	141.7	142.7	142.7	143.0

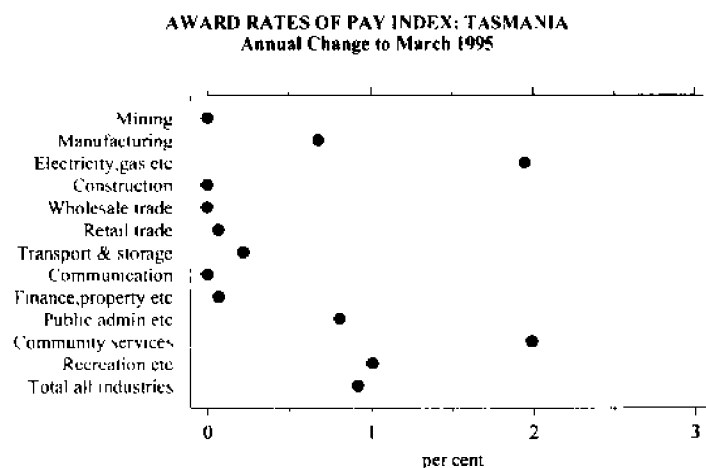
(a) For explanation of terms and concepts, refer to *Award Rates of Pay Indexes, Australia* (Catalogue No. 6312.0).

Table 15. Summary of annual movements in wages and prices, Tasmania

<i>Period</i>	<i>CPI All groups Hobart</i>	<i>Price index of materials used in house building. All groups, Hobart</i>	<i>Price index of materials used in building other than house building. All groups, Hobart</i>	<i>Average weekly total earnings, full-time adult employees</i>	<i>Weekly award rates of pay index, full-time adult employees</i>
Percentage change from previous year					
1992 —					
March	2.1	3.0	3.4	..	2.8
1994 —					
March	2.6	3.1	0.5	..	1.7
1994 —					
August	..	3.3	0.7	3.2	0.8
September	2.1	3.6	0.6	..	0.8
October	..	4.0	1.0	..	1.0
November	..	3.9	1.5	3.8	1.0
December	2.3	p 3.9	p 1.5	..	0.7
1995 —					
January	..	p 3.8	p 1.5	..	1.0
February	..	p 4.7	2.2	0.9	0.8
March	3.8	p 4.5	p 3.6	..	1.0

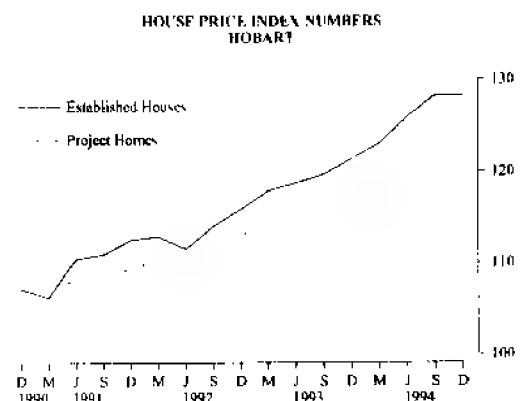
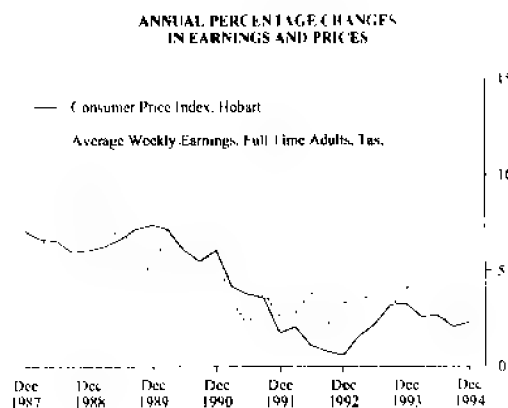
Table 16. House price index numbers (a), Hobart

(Base of each Index: 1989-90 = 100.0)

	<i>Established house price index</i>		<i>Project home price index</i>	
	<i>Index</i>	<i>% change (b)</i>	<i>Index</i>	<i>% change (b)</i>
1991-92	112.0	5.4	110.1	3.5
1992-93	116.6	4.1	114.1	3.6
1993-94	122.5	5.1	117.7	3.2
1991 —				
December	112.5	1.4	109.3	0.5
1993				
September	119.7	0.8	116.8	0.4
December	121.4	1.4	116.9	0.1
1994				
March	123.0	1.3	117.8	0.8
June	126.0	2.4	119.4	1.4
September	128.2	1.7	120.1	0.6
December	128.2	0.0	120.5	0.3

(a) Used in calculating the mortgage interest charges component of the Consumer Price Index

(b) Percentage change over previous period



Wages and Prices

Table 17. Consumer price index: Hobart & eight capital cities combined (a)

(Base of each index: year 1989-90 = 100.0) (b)

Year or quarter	Hobart					Tobacco and alcohol
	Food	Clothing	Housing (c)	Household equipment and operation	Transportation	
1991-92	106.1	105.7	98.8	109.1	106.9	111.5
1992-93	108.2	106.9	94.9	110.3	110.3	115.8
1993-94	111.7	106.6	94.0	111.9	112.2	133.7
Quarter 1992						
March	106.7	105.5	97.7	109.1	107.1	111.6
1994 ---						
March	112.6	106.4	93.3	112.2	111.9	134.3
June	112.2	106.4	94.2	112.4	112.8	134.8
September	113.9	106.6	94.8	112.8	113.9	137.2
December	113.3	105.3	97.6	113.9	115.0	139.1
1995 ---						
March	115.4	105.0	102.7	114.9	115.1	140.3
Percentage change between March quarter 1994 and March quarter 1995						
	+ 2.5	- 1.3	+10.1	+ 2.4	+2.9	+4.5

Table 17. Consumer price index: Hobart & eight capital cities combined (a) (b) (continued) (Base of each index: year 1989-90 = 100.0)

Year or quarter	Hobart				Weighted average of eight capital cities (c)	
	Health and personal care	Recreation and education	All groups		Percentage change over previous period	
			Index	Percentage change over previous period	Index	Percentage change over previous period
1991-92	122.7	106.1	107.1	+ 2.1	107.3	+ 1.9
1992-93	127.3	108.0	108.5	+ 1.3	108.4	+ 1.0
1993-94	136.1	110.2	111.7	+ 2.9	110.4	+ 1.8
Quarter 1992 - -						
March	125.2	107.4	107.4	0.0	107.6	0.0
1994 ---						
March	137.5	109.7	111.9	+ 0.3	110.4	+ 0.4
June	137.9	111.3	112.4	+ 0.4	111.2	+ 0.7
September	138.7	111.7	113.3	+ 0.8	111.9	+ 0.6
December	138.7	113.0	114.2	+ 0.8	112.8	+ 0.8
1995 ---						
March	140.4	115.4	116.1	+1.7	114.7	+1.7
Percentage change between March quarter 1994 and March quarter 1995						
	+ 2.1	+ 5.2	+ 3.8	..	+3.9	..

(a) Further information on construction of CPI indexes is contained in the bulletin *The Australian Consumer Price Index Concepts, Sources and Methods* (Catalogue No. 6461.0). (b) The CPI is now published on a reference base of 1989-90 = 100.0. (c) Series from and including March 1989 has been affected by the change in treatment of mortgage interest charges.

Table 18. Price index of materials used in building other than house building: Hobart (Base year: 1989-90 = 100.0) (a)

Year or month	Index numbers for selected major building materials					
	Structural timber	Clay bricks	Ready mixed concrete	Precast concrete products	Steel decking, cladding etc.	Structural steel
1991-92	105.5	108.0	109.8	109.6	102.9	109.5
1992-93	108.2	111.9	113.4	109.9	104.2	111.7
1993-94	115.9	114.2	117.5	112.9	106.4	116.0
1992						
March	106.5	109.7	110.8	109.6	101.8	110.0
1994						
March	119.2	115.5	119.0	110.3	106.0	116.0
August	123.6	115.6	118.1	120.6	107.7	116.0
September	123.4	115.6	117.7	122.4	107.7	116.0
October	123.9	115.6	118.6	122.4	107.7	116.0
November	123.8	115.6	117.7	122.4	107.7	116.0
December p	124.1	115.8	117.7	122.5	107.7	116.0
1995						
January p	124.1	118.0	117.0	122.5	107.5	116.0
February p	124.1	118.0	117.1	122.5	108.3	116.0
March p	125.6	118.0	116.9	122.5	107.5	116.0
Percentage change between March 1994 and March 1995						
	+5.4	+2.2	-1.8	+11.1	+1.4	+0.0

Table 18. Price index of materials used in building other than house building: Hobart (*continued*) (Base year: 1989-90 = 100.0) (a)

Year or month	Index numbers for selected major building materials						
	Reinforcing steel bar, fabric and mesh	Aluminium windows	Fabricated steel products (b)	Builders' hardware	Sand & aggregate	Paint & other coatings	Non-ferrous pipes & fittings
1991-92	108.0	98.7	105.2	111.9	123.6	112.3	111.9
1992-93	109.0	97.9	102.1	113.0	125.0	114.7	132.6
1993-94	109.1	100.5	106.6	115.7	129.6	114.1	133.1
1992							
March	109.5	98.7	105.4	114.0	123.6	112.8	110.5
1994							
March	108.0	98.6	106.1	117.0	129.3	114.0	129.8
August	107.3	99.6	106.1	111.1	132.7	116.5	155.4
September	107.2	99.6	106.1	108.8	132.7	116.9	155.5
October	107.2	99.6	106.1	111.0	133.1	117.0	162.7
November	107.2	99.6	106.1	110.7	133.1	117.0	170.5
December p	107.2	99.6	106.1	110.6	133.1	116.7	175.2
1995							
January p	107.2	100.3	106.1	111.0	133.1	116.0	181.5
February p	106.0	101.8	107.1	115.5	133.1	116.9	183.3
March p	105.9	103.3	107.6	114.2	133.1	114.7	183.3
Percentage change between March 1994 and March 1995							
	-1.9	+4.8	+1.4	2.4	+2.9	+0.6	+41.2

(a) The Price Index of Materials Used in Building Other than House Building is now published on a reference base of 1989-90 = 100.0.

(b) Previously 'Steel windows, doors, louvres and other fabricated steelwork'.

Wages and Prices

Table 18. Price index of materials used in building other than house building: Hobart (*continued*) (Base year: 1989-90 = 100.0) (a)

<i>Index numbers for special combination of building materials</i>						
<i>Period</i>	<i>All electrical materials</i>		<i>All mechanical services</i>		<i>All plumbing materials</i>	
	<i>Index</i>	<i>% change over previous period</i>	<i>Index</i>	<i>% change over previous period</i>	<i>Index</i>	<i>% change over previous period</i>
1991-92	105.6	+ 2.3	107.5	+ 2.7	108.8	+ 3.3
1992-93	103.3	2.2	108.1	+ 0.6	111.4	+ 2.4
1993-94	104.7	+ 1.4	109.6	+ 1.4	110.1	1.2
1992 —						
March	104.5	+ 0.3	108.1	+ 0.5	108.0	- 0.2
1994 —						
March	103.2	- 1.0	109.6	+ 0.2	107.8	0.0
August	106.9	+ 0.4	111.0	+ 0.2	118.1	+ 1.6
September	107.1	+ 0.2	111.1	+ 0.1	118.1	
October	107.5	+ 0.4	111.3	+ 0.2	121.6	+ 3.0
November	108.8	+ 1.2	112.4	+ 1.0	123.9	+ 1.9
December p	110.0	+ 1.1	112.2	- 0.2	125.8	+ 1.5
1995 —						
January p	110.7	+ 0.6	112.7	+ 0.4	127.5	+ 1.4
February p	112.8	+ 1.9	113.4	+ 0.6	128.4	+ 0.7
March p	113.1	+ 0.3	113.6	+ 0.2	128.3	0.1
Percentage change between March 1994 and March 1995						
	+ 9.6		+ 3.6		+ 19.0	

Table 18. Price index of materials used in building other than house building: Hobart (*continued*) (Base year: 1989-90 = 100.0) (a)

<i>Index numbers for special combinations of building materials</i>				
<i>Period</i>	<i>All groups excluding electrical materials and mechanical services</i>		<i>All groups</i>	
	<i>Index</i>	<i>% change over previous period</i>	<i>Index</i>	<i>% change over previous period</i>
1991-92	107.2	+ 3.3	107.1	+ 3.1
1992-93	109.1	+ 1.8	108.2	+ 1.1
1993-94	111.0	+ 1.8	110.1	+ 1.8
1992 —				
March	108.0	+ 0.5	107.6	+ 0.5
1994 —				
March	109.7	1.4	108.9	1.1
August	111.6	-	110.9	+ 0.1
September	111.7	+ 0.1	111.0	+ 0.1
October	112.2	+ 0.4	111.4	+ 0.4
November	112.1	- 0.1	111.7	+ 0.3
December p	112.2	+ 0.1	111.8	+ 0.1
1995 —				
January p	112.4	+ 0.2	112.0	+ 0.2
February p	112.7	+ 0.3	112.5	+ 0.4
March p	113.0	+ 0.3	112.8	+ 0.3
Percentage change between March 1994 and March 1995				
	+ 3.0	..	+ 3.6	

(a) The Price Index of Materials Used in Building Other than House Building is now published on a reference base of 1989-90 = 100.0.

Table 19. Miscellaneous indicators of production, Tasmania

Year or month	Dairy products (a)			Staff-hours worked (b)	
	Whole milk (d)	Factory butter (e)	Factory cheese	Textile manufacturing (f)	Vegetable preserving
	(million litres)	(tonnes)	(tonnes)	('000)	('000)
1991-92	371.9	5 589	20 022	1 549	2 068
1992-93	412.9	6 287	20 043	1 740	1 915
1993-94	447.3	7 846	22 461	1 575	2 002
1992 — February	36.8	527	2 029	134	171
1994 February	43.3	897	1 810	133	158
1994 December	61.4	981	2 822	111	181
1995— January	46.0	860	2 314	(g) 50	111
February	36.1	749	1 476	124	150

Table 19. Miscellaneous indicators of production, Tasmania
(continued)

Year or month	Newsprint (h)	Refined zinc	Metal refining index (c)	Electricity	Gas
	('000 tonnes)	('000 tonnes)		(million kW.h)	('000 MJ)
1991-92	202.8	206.0	110.0	8 967	63 377
1992-93	228.4	212.0	109.4	8 864	61 432
1993-94	208.9	193.8	105.5	8 855	55 767
1992 — February	19.2	14.6	101.3	701	3 659
1994 February	16.6	12.3	94.3	654	3 079
1994 December	16.7	15.2	98.6	664	3 160
1995— January	22.8	17.1	103.8	661	3 160
February	20.2	11.6	83.8	597	3 052

(a) Source: Australian Dairy Corporation. (b) Changing productivity per staff-hour makes these indicators unsatisfactory for long-term comparisons. (c) Metallurgical refining index (Base: 1979-80 = 100.0). Output from selected establishments covering the smelting and refining of ferro-alloys, zinc and aluminium. The weighting pattern is based on the establishments' value added as derived from the 1979-80 Manufacturing Census. For multi-product establishments, value added was apportioned to products on the basis of gross receipts from each product. (d) Includes the whole milk equivalent of farm cream intake. (e) Includes butter equivalent of butter oil. (f) Includes spinning, weaving and carpet making. Reported by establishments which manufacture textiles only, or manufacture clothing and textiles in the one plant. (g) Production low due to annual close-down. (h) Excludes production of directory newsprint and high grade specialty paper.

Production

Table 20. Livestock slaughtering, Tasmania: numbers ('000)

Year or month	Cattle			Sheep	Lambs	Pigs
	Bulls, bullocks and steers	Cows and heifers	Calves			
1991-92	104.7	93.6	32.3	446.7	489.8	84.8
1992-93	99.0	90.4	32.7	473.4	456.5	92.5
1993-94	101.8	85.2	23.2	526.1	437.8	95.8
1992 — March	10.9	9.2		45.8	46.1	7.4
1994 —						
March	11.4	8.1	0.1	68.6	49.0	8.2
April	9.5	8.3	0.2	41.3	37.6	7.5
May	9.5	9.1	0.2	49.6	38.7	7.8
June	8.8	7.5	0.4	55.3	52.6	9.9
July	p 6.4	5.3	1.4	31.7	39.3	7.6
August	p 5.9	4.3	8.4	20.9	36.9	7.2
September	p 6.3	5.7	11.6	39.4	37.2	7.9
October	p 6.2	6.9	2.9	36.2	30.4	6.7
November	p 9.3	7.5	0.5	63.2	37.3	8.0
December	p 11.3	9.2	0.1	64.2	41.3	9.7
1995						
January	p 11.3	7.9	0.1	50.1	40.7	5.8
February	p 9.3	8.2	0.1	58.6	37.1	7.0
March	p 13.0	11.9	0.4	65.5	47.7	8.7

Table 21. Livestock slaughtering, Tasmania:
seasonally adjusted and trend series (a)

Month	Seasonally adjusted			Trend series (b)		
	Cattle and calves	Sheep and lambs	Pigs	Cattle and calves	Sheep and lambs	Pigs
1992						
March	18 979	73 594	7 299	19 993	78 422	7 344
1994						
March	17 563	84 116	7 641	16 833	77 177	7 971
April	16 538	67 272	7 811	16 433	81 292	7 911
May	16 719	82 707	7 941	16 221	86 916	7 862
June	17 134	106 121	8 624	16 210	93 093	7 858
July	13 576	93 216	7 120	16 515	98 948	7 843
August	17 397	104 170	7 867	17 172	102 961	7 770
September	19 816	111 209	7 944	18 122	103 801	7 672
October	18 626	95 057	7 296	19 161	100 925	7 616
November	18 581	100 097	7 806	20 048	95 786	7 623
December	23 935	94 564	7 553	20 693	90 431	7 673
1995						
January	20 534	77 095	7 495	21 144	85 329	7 729
February	19 262	76 222	8 127	21 479	80 854	7 783
March	23 121	82 726	7 861	21 735	77 349	7 854

(a) This data has been revised to take account of the latest seasonal factor. (b) Trend estimates may be revised as data for later months become available.

Production

Table 24. Sawmills and plywood mills: Logs delivered and timber produced, Tasmania ('000 m³)

Year or quarter		Tasmanian-grown logs delivered					Sawn, peeled and sliced timber produced (a)				
		Hardwoods		Softwoods		Total	Hardwoods		Softwoods		Total
		Eucalypts	Other hardwoods	Plantation	Natives		Eucalypts	Other hardwoods	Plantation	Natives	
			(b)					(c)			
1991-92		470.4	8.6	325.0	1.6	805.6	162.8	3.7	130.1	0.4	297.1
1992-93		554.5	13.0	312.8	2.8	883.2	188.9	2.9	131.6	0.7	324.1
1993-94		r 584.3	15.3	299.2	1.5	r 900.4	r 203.5	3.1	r 141.0	0.5	r 348.0
1992	December	133.1	2.1	81.0	0.2	216.5	46.9	0.7	33.7	0.2	81.5
1993	March	125.9	3.9	72.9	0.3	203.0	41.4	0.7	30.6	0.1	72.7
	June	166.3	4.1	68.3	0.3	239.0	52.0	0.8	29.0	0.1	81.9
	September	r 162.3	2.0	75.6	0.4	r 240.3	r 54.4	0.7	r 33.7	0.1	r 88.9
	December	r 132.6	3.8	r 70.2	0.3	r 206.9	r 50.5	0.7	35.1	0.1	r 86.4
1994	March	r 140.0	5.0	r 77.4	0.4	r 222.8	r 46.5	0.6	38.1	0.1	r 85.3
	June	r 149.4	4.5	r 76.1	0.4	r 230.4	r 52.1	1.1	34.1	0.2	r 87.5
	September	r 167.9	r 3.7	r 75.3	0.6	r 247.5	r 59.1	r 1.2	34.6	0.1	r 95.0
	December	160.8	3.5	67.9	0.3	232.5	54.8	1.0	35.5	0.2	91.6

(a) Includes plywood, veneer and sliced timber production converted to an equivalent cubic measurement. (b) Includes blackwood, myrtle, sassafras etc. (c) Radiata pine. (d) Includes Huon pine, celery top pine and King William pine.

Table 25. Chipping and grinding of wood (a), Tasmania

Year or quarter	Materials used ('000 m ³) (c)			Chipped and ground wood production ('000 tonnes green weight)
	Producing locations (no.) (b)	Logs delivered (d)	Sawmill offcuts	
1991-92	33	3 173.1	283.8	3 356.0
1992-93	31	3 350.6	295.8	3 565.8
1993-94	30	3 448.8	339.8	3 726.1
1992 — December	32	756.0	75.1	820.6
1993 — March	31	805.0	62.2	826.7
June	30	902.7	76.0	960.6
September	31	970.4	88.3	1 027.9
December	31	818.5	96.9	885.8
1994 — March	31	818.3	71.3	868.3
June	30	841.6	83.3	944.0
September	30	939.8	86.3	991.3
December	31	1 065.8	92.0	1 115.4

(a) Both hardwoods and softwoods, separate details are not available. (b) Capable of producing at end of year or actually producing during quarter. (c) Data reported by weight, converted to cubic measure by the factor 0.95 m³ per tonne. (d) Includes log equivalent of limbwood and billets.

Table 26. Logs delivered for milling or chipping, Tasmania ('000 m³)

Year or quarter	Sawmilling and plywood milling			Chipping and grinding (a)			Total		
	Crown land (b)	Private land	Total	Crown land (b)	Private land	Total	Crown land (b)	Private land	Total
1991-92	608.5	197.1	805.6	1 757.2	1 415.9	3 173.1	2 365.7	1 613.0	3 978.7
1992-93	698.9	184.3	883.2	1 753.4	1 597.2	3 350.6	2 452.3	1 781.5	4 233.7
1993-94	r 696.5	r 203.9	r 900.4	1 697.0	1 751.8	3 448.8	r 2 393.5	r 1 955.7	r 4 349.2
1992 — December	173.2	43.3	216.5	408.0	348.0	756.0	581.2	391.2	972.5
1993 — March	150.6	52.4	203.0	437.1	367.9	805.0	587.8	420.3	1 008.0
June	191.8	47.2	239.0	473.3	429.4	902.7	665.1	476.6	1 141.7
September	r 181.7	r 58.5	r 240.3	488.1	482.2	970.4	r 669.8	r 540.7	r 1 210.7
December	r 161.7	r 45.2	r 206.9	417.5	401.0	818.5	r 579.2	r 446.2	r 1 025.4
1994 — March	r 170.9	r 51.9	r 222.8	393.7	424.6	818.3	r 564.6	r 476.5	r 1 041.1
June	r 182.2	r 48.3	r 230.4	397.7	443.9	841.6	r 579.9	r 492.2	r 1 072.0
September	r 197.1	r 50.4	r 247.5	481.0	458.8	939.8	r 678.1	r 509.1	r 1 187.2
December	178.1	54.4	232.5	467.9	597.8	1 065.8	646.1	652.2	1 298.3

(a) Logs used are generally below sawmill standard; includes log equivalent of limbwood and billets. (b) Comprises all areas (including concession areas) from which

Table 22. Meat production, Tasmania (tonnes)

Year or month	Meat (carcass weight)					Total
	Beef	Veal	Mutton	Lamb	Pigmeat (a)	
1991-92	45 266	665	8 355	8 070	5 168	67 524
1992-93	44 925	692	8 949	7 456	5 749	67 770
1993-94	47 458	515	9 992	7 047	6 019	71 031
1992 --- March	4 710	5	868	773	452	6 808
1994 --- March	5 117	3	1 317	804	514	7 754
April	4 537	5	784	616	477	6 419
May	4 970	8	929	634	470	7 011
June	3 962	10	1 030	864	728	6 594
July p	2 789	39	628	715	484	4 505
August p	2 449	207	415	686	517	4 274
September p	2 824	424	773	386	549	4 955
October p	3 160	125	723	565	474	5 047
November p	4 143	18	1 277	657	493	6 587
December p	5 104	10	1 275	691	649	7 731
1995 --- January p	4 787	11	969	681	381	6 829
February p	4 424	7	1 130	615	464	6 640
March p	5 921	16	1 276	802	705	8 719

(a) Includes pork used for production of bacon and ham.

Table 23. Principal mineral concentrates produced, Tasmania

('000 tonnes)

Year or quarter	Concentrate							
	Copper	Iron (pellets)	Iron pyrite	Lead	Lead-copper	Lead-zinc	Tin	Tungsten
1991-92	97.4	1 451.6	80.2	86.2	5.5	84.9	10.7	0.5
1992-93	107.6	1 458.9	94.5	90.7	1.2	69.5	12.1	0.0
1993-94	128.1	1 565.9	87.9	93.4	0.0	57.5	13.4	0.0
1991 --- September	27.6	378.0	20.9	25.2	1.5	22.9	3.0	0.2
1993 --- June	29.7	381.6	26.4	22.4	0.0	22.0	3.4	0.0
September	28.9	440.9	24.0	29.4	0.0	21.8	3.4	0.0
December	31.1	384.8	20.7	24.8	0.0	13.4	3.7	0.0
1994 --- March	31.1	307.5	20.3	16.1	0.0	8.2	3.0	0.0
June	37.0	432.7	22.9	23.2	0.0	14.0	3.3	0.0
September	28.3	396.9	22.9	24.9	0.0	11.1	3.1	0.0

(Source: Tasmanian Development and Resources)

Table 27. Building approvals, Tasmania

Year or month	New residential building			Value of total dwelling units (\$'000)	Value of alter- ations and additions (a) to residential building (no.)	Value of non-residential building (b) (\$'000)	Value of non-residential building (b)		Total value of building (\$'000)	
	No. of houses	No. of other residential buildings (c)	Total no. of dwelling units				Con- versions etc.	Private		Total
1991-92	2 869	1 034	3 903	260 296	n.a.	32 637	68 980	105 941	398 873	
1992-93	2 956	1 138	4 094	275 262	n.a.	33 050	62 416	103 107	411 419	
1993-94	3 113	1 034	4 147	301 963	n.a.	39 522	81 251	145 922	487 407	
1992-- March	250	105	355	22 432	n.a.	2 465	4 075	14 448	39 345	
1994 March	266	64	330	25 488	3	4 094	3 135	6 737	36 319	
1994 December	205	23	228	18 247		2 609	26 814	27 374	48 230	
1995 -- January	178	40	218	17 293	—	2 868	5 391	13 761	33 921	
February	216	43	259	19 559	—	2 977	6 347	10 177	32 713	
March	236	50	286	21 890	2	3 549	8 635	10 934	36 373	

(a) Valued at \$10 000 and over. (b) Comprises non-residential building (new plus alterations and additions) valued at \$30 000 and over from July 1988, and valued at \$50 000 and over from July 1990. Previous figures are for values of \$10 000 and over. (c) New individual dwelling units (e.g. flats, home units and villa units)

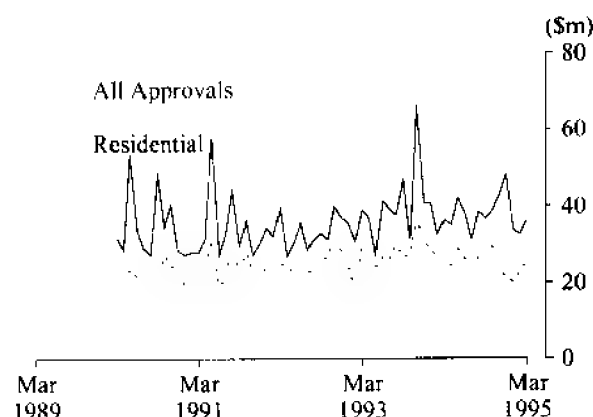
VALUE OF BUILDING APPROVALS
Tasmania

Table 28. Dwelling commencements, Tasmania

Year or month	New residential building						No. of other residential buildings (a)	Total no. of dwell- ing units
	No. of houses					Total houses		
	Double brick	Brick veneer	Fibre cement	Timber	Other and not stated			
1991-92	238	1 866	67	500	78	2 749	1 024	3 773
1992-93	277	1 933	103	447	65	2 825	1 129	3 954
1993-94	306	2 120	103	441	79	3 049	973	4 022
1992 February	12	145	10	46	7	220	103	323
1994 — February	23	164	3	39	6	235	111	346
1994 November	11	182	10	34	3	240	124	364
December	6	116	6	36	6	170	39	209
1995 January	5	129	4	20	1	159	44	203
February	13	133	5	38	9	198	42	240

(a) Non-residential

No. units (a)

units (a)

units (a)

Table 29. Banking statistics, Tasmania (a) (b) (\$m)

Month	Deposits				Statement savings accounts
	Current bearing interest	Current not bearing interest	Fixed	Investment savings accounts	
1994 —					
May	509	301	1 208	605	196
June	514	303	1 232	609	197
July	519	310	1 256	614	199
August	516	304	1 346	616	199
September	517	305	1 379	619	202
October	531	304	1 377	622	202
November	548	301	1 413	618	199
December	562	312	1 481	607	198
1995 —					
January	553	298	1 520	600	194
February	549	293	1 539	588	191
March	547	301	1 565	581	189

Table 29. Banking statistics, Tasmania (a) (b) (\$m) (continued)

Month	Deposits — continued			Loans (c)
	Passbook/School savings accounts	Other	Total	
1994 —				
May	253	158	3 230	3 718
June	251	157	3 263	3 841
July	249	150	3 297	3 872
August	244	152	3 375	3 886
September	237	150	3 408	3 883
October	231	153	3 420	3 920
November	228	154	3 460	3 975
December	222	152	3 534	4 001
1995 —				
January	219	150	3 533	4 027
February	214	149	3 524	4 058
March	209	152	3 544	4 098

(a) Due to changes to the *Banking Act 1959* in December 1989, which removed the distinction between trading and savings banks, figures previously published in this table are no longer comparable with those shown above. (b) Details are the averages of weekly figures for each month. The figures are derived from returns submitted by banks authorised under the *Banking Act* together with similar returns voluntarily submitted by the State banks; they exclude the Reserve Bank. (c) Excludes non-resident loans.

Table 30. Private new capital expenditure by type of asset, Tasmania (a) (\$m)

Year or quarter	New buildings and structures	Equipment, plant, and machinery	Total
1989-90	88	487	575
1990-91	180	416	596
1991-92	79	359	438
1992-93	104	342	446
1993-94	98	343	441
1993			
September	18	83	101
December	15	79	94
1994 —			
March	15	58	73
June	51	122	173
September	25	89	114
December	20	122	142

(a) Estimates based on a sample survey and therefore subject to sampling variability. Covers selected industries only: mining, manufacturing, finance, property and other selected industries.

Table 33. Accommodation statistics, Tasmania

Hotels, motels, etc. with facilities

Period	Number of establishments	Guest rooms	Room nights		Room occupancy rate	Takings from accommodation
			Seasonally adjusted	Trend estimates		
					(%)	(\$'000)
December quarter --						
1992	175	5 133	n.a.		50.6	17 053
1993	179	5 342			54.0	18 661
1994	177	5 354			55.4	20 159
1992						
October	n.a.	n.a.	73 798	75 906	49.5	5 545
November	n.a.	n.a.	73 030	77 031	53.8	5 785
December	175	5 133	79 663	78 377	48.7	5 723
1993						
October	n.a.	n.a.	82 982	82 178	54.2	6 321
November	n.a.	n.a.	82 910	82 936	58.3	6 484
December	179	5 342	85 522	83 932	49.7	5 856
1994						
October	n.a.	n.a.	85 202	88 249	55.0	6 532
November	n.a.	n.a.	84 732	87 539	60.5	7 071
December	177	5 354	89 479	87 196	50.9	6 557

Holiday units

Period	Number of establishments	Number of units	Unit nights		Unit occupancy rate	Takings from accommodation
			Seasonally adjusted	Trend estimates		
					(%)	(\$'000)
December quarter --						
1992	44	725	n.a.		55.1	2 312
1993	50	771			53.5	2 450
1994	52	816			57.0	3 036
1992						
October	n.a.	n.a.	11 227	11 534	54.2	736
November	n.a.	n.a.	12 042	11 795	57.5	764
December	44	725	12 316	12 046	53.8	812
1993						
October	n.a.	n.a.	12 377	12 075	56.6	849
November	n.a.	n.a.	11 835	12 211	53.1	782
December	50	771	12 343	12 455	50.8	819
1994						
October	n.a.	n.a.	13 469	13 489	58.4	1 017
November	n.a.	n.a.	14 117	13 653	59.9	999
December	52	816	13 550	13 851	52.8	1 020

Caravan parks

Period	Number of establishments	Number of sites and cabins (a)	Site occupancy rate	Takings from accommodation
			(%)	(\$'000)
December quarter --				
1992	67	6 436	28.2	1 446
1993	68	6 425	30.1	1 589
1994	75	6 953	30.4	1 818
1992 --				
October	n.a.	n.a.	25.8	393
November	n.a.	n.a.	26.9	442
December	67	6 436	32.4	611
1993 --				
October	n.a.	n.a.	28.0	444
November	n.a.	n.a.	28.7	484
December	68	6 425	33.4	661
1994 --				
October	n.a.	n.a.	27.9	525
November	n.a.	n.a.	29.8	589
December	75	6 953	33.6	704

(a) At end of quarter

Table 31. Passenger arrivals and departures, Tasmania (a)

(Source: Department of Tourism, Sport & Recreation)

Period	Arrivals				Cruise ships		
	By air		By sea	Total	Total departures (b)	Arrivals	
	Interstate	Inter-national				Departures	
1991	625 366	5 897	131 375	762 638	764 731	6 720	6 663
1992	652 092	4 428	114 969	771 489	761 109	4 608	4 608
1993	694 244	5 144	115 381	814 769	814 835	2 033	2 033
1994	745 508	4 166	128 644	878 318	880 936	56 592	6 592
1993							
December	74 056	391	15 348	89 795	72 362	600	600
1994 —							
October	61 361	422	11 466	73 249	71 846	980	980
November	63 701	338	10 707	74 746	73 918	482	482
December	78 749	419	13 433	92 601	79 187		

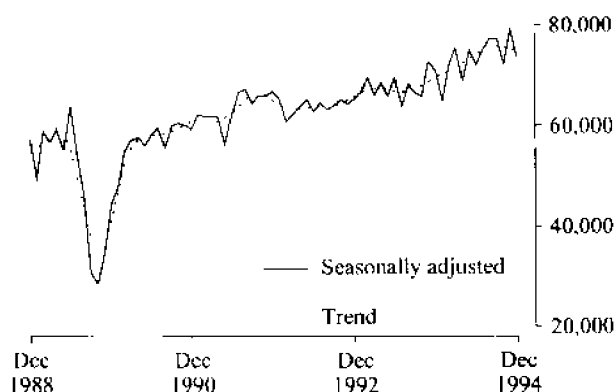
(a) The following persons are not included in these statistics: passengers under three years of age accompanied by an adult, passengers travelling on chartered flights with minor carriers, passengers travelling on private or VIP flights, and passengers from or departing for overseas other than direct flights to New Zealand. (b) The proportion of departing passengers who were visitors was shown to be about 58 per cent in the 1981 Tasmanian Visitor Survey, 55 per cent in the 1984 Tasmanian Visitor Survey, about 53 per cent in the 1986 Tasmanian Visitor Survey, almost 65 per cent in the 1990 Tasmanian Visitor Survey, and just over 58 per cent in the 1993 Tasmanian Visitor Survey.

Table 32. Total passenger arrivals by air and sea into Tasmania

Period	Original	Seasonally adjusted (a)	Trend
1993 —			
December	89 795	70 896	69 538
1994 —			
October	73 249	72 248	75 984
November	74 746	79 140	74 845
December	92 601	73 654	75 796

(a) There is an annual recalculation of seasonal adjustment factors to include the most recent year's arrivals. This occurs at the end of each financial year and may cause revisions to previously published seasonally adjusted and trend figures. A full time series of seasonally adjusted and trend series from January 1971 is available on request. Telephone (002) 20 5870.

TOTAL ARRIVALS IN TASMANIA



Source: Dept of Tourism, Sport & Recreation

Table 34. Registrations of new motor vehicles (a), Tas.

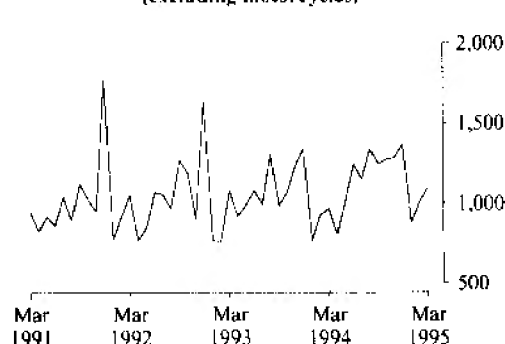
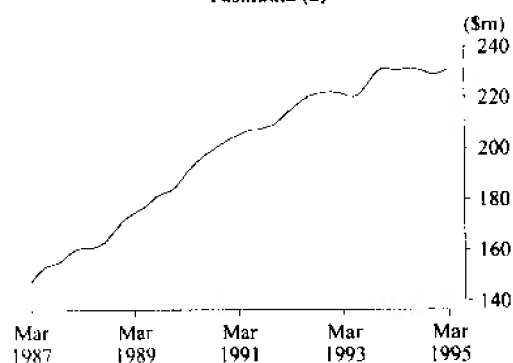
Year or month	Passenger vehicles	Other vehicles (b)	Total (excl. motor cycles)	Vehicles registered by vehicle rental businesses (c)	Motor cycles
1992	9 881	2 555	12 436	1 271	371
1993	10 019	2 478	12 497	1 507	440
1994	10 543	2 837	13 380	1 708	376
1993 — March	839	237	1 076	20	45
1994 — March	729	238	967	13	32
April	591	215	806	6	30
May	743	274	1 017	1	28
June	860	383	1 243	21	25
July	944	208	1 152	222	29
August	1 089	242	1 331	264	33
September	1 048	199	1 247	371	30
October	1 024	250	1 274	178	26
November	1 011	269	1 280	140	34
December	1 146	217	1 363	440	48
1995 — January	679	200	879	7	35
February	777	226	1 003	33	33
March	879	218	1 097	1	57

(a) Includes State and Commonwealth Government-owned motor vehicles other than those belonging to the defence services. Excludes tractors, plant and equipment, caravans and trailers. (b) Comprises utilities, panel vans, rigid and articulated trucks and other truck-type vehicles (i.e. motor vehicles designed for purposes other than freight carrying, e.g. campervans, tow trucks, ambulances and hearses) and buses. (c) These figures are included in previous columns.

Table 35. Turnover of retail establishments at current prices, Tasmania (a)

Period	Original (\$m)	Trend estimates (b)	
		(\$m)	% change from corresponding month of previous year
1993 — March	198.7	206.8	2.7
1994 — March	233.6	230.8	4.2
April	220.6	231.0	4.7
May	225.9	231.3	5.0
June	217.1	231.5	4.9
July	224.0	231.5	4.3
August	220.8	231.2	r 3.1
September	223.2	r 230.6	r 1.8
October	224.2	r 229.8	r 0.4
November	233.7	r 229.2	r - 0.6
December	312.1	r 229.2	r - 1.0
1995 — January	220.9	r 229.6	r - 0.8
February	211.8	230.4	r - 0.3
March	232.7	231.2	p 0.2

(a) Survey has been re-designed — see Information Paper (8511.0). (b) Trend estimates revised each month.

REGISTRATIONS OF NEW MOTOR VEHICLES
TASMANIA
(excluding motorcycles)RETAIL TURNOVER - TREND
Tasmania (a)

Major Statistical Indicators

Table 36. Major statistical indicators — Australia and State comparisons

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic.</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>Tas.</i>	<i>Aust. (a)</i>
Population							
Estimated resident population, September 1994 ('000) p	6 068.9	4 482.1	3 216.5	1 471.0	1 710.0	472.6	17 896.7
Proportion of Australian population, September 1994 (%)	33.9	25.0	18.0	8.2	9.6	2.6	100.0
Population growth rate, 12 months to September 1994 (%)	0.9	0.4	2.5	0.4	1.7	0.2	1.1
Labour Force							
Employment growth, 12 months to April 1995 (trend series) (%)							
Males	4.5	4.2	4.5	1.4	3.7	1.2	4.0
Females	3.0	4.5	9.2	2.9	8.4	3.7	5.1
Persons	3.9	4.3	6.4	2.0	5.7	2.3	4.5
Unemployment rate (trend series), April 1995 (%)	8.2	8.9	8.6	9.9	7.4	10.5	8.5
Unemployment growth, 12 months to April 1995 (trend series) (%)	-17.0	18.9	-5.4	-7.0	-8.9	-6.7	13.4
Participation rate (trend series), April 1995 (%)	62.1	63.4	65.2	61.5	67.2	60.9	63.6
Average weekly overtime worked per employee, February 1995 (hours)	1.1	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.1	1.2
Job vacancy rate, February 1995 (%)	1.1	0.8	1.0	0.5	0.8	0.7	0.9
Working days lost through industrial disputes, 12 months to January 1995 (days per '000 employees)	97	53	117	35	44	31	76
Wages and Prices							
Average weekly total earnings, full-time adult employees (original series) February 1995 (\$)							
Males	767.70	732.00	682.00	699.90	758.60	668.50	735.40
Females	606.70	578.20	541.90	572.80	553.60	554.00	581.50
Persons	708.30	676.60	633.10	658.50	683.60	631.30	680.00
Average weekly total earnings, full-time adult employees, growth rate, 12 months to February 1995 (%)	5.5	6.0	2.5	4.3	6.1	0.9	4.8
Consumer price index, all groups, annual growth to March quarter 1995 (%)	4.2	3.4	4.5	3.7	4.1	3.8	3.9
Building							
Percentage change in the number of new residential dwelling units approved in twelve months ended March 1995, over the same period previous year	16.5	4.5	5.1	-5.8	-1.1	-18.4	1.4
Finance and Retail Trade							
Percentage change in private new capital expenditure, twelve months ended December 1994, over the same period previous year	33.7	4.9	27.1	31.4	7.8	21.3	18.9
Percentage change in trend estimates turnover of retail establishments, March 1995 (change from corresponding month of the previous year)	4.2	9.6	7.6	9.3	2.9	0.2	6.3
Transport							
Percentage change in number of new motor vehicles (excluding motorcycles) registered twelve months ended March 1995, over the same period previous year	15.4	11.2	11.4	7.5	6.0	9.0	10.2
Agriculture							
Percentage change in the number of livestock slaughtered twelve months ended March 1995 over the same period previous year							
Cattle and calves	-0.7	7.9	-10.2	1.3	-2.2	5.7	2.0
Sheep and lambs	9.2	-0.5	42.1	1.8	19.4	11.1	1.8
Tourism							
Room occupancy rates for hotels, motels etc. with facilities, December quarter 1994 (%)	58.8	53.2	64.2	53.0	61.2	55.4	59.0
Australian National and State Accounts							
Percentage change in GSP (GDP), Constant Price (b) Trend Series							
Sept qtr 1994 to Dec qtr 1994	0.4	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.7	0.6	0.5
Dec qtr 1993 to Dec qtr 1994	3.7	4.6	6.8	-0.1	7.0	0.4	4.7

(a) Australian totals include the ACT and NT.

(b) This is the first quarter for which constant price estimates have been published.



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ISSN 1034-1803